Risk Integrated System of Closure

Health and Economics

History

- ◆ 3200 B.C. Mesopotamia, First Recorded Risk Consultants
- Insurance Companies Hammurabi
- Greeks and Romans Established
 Cause and Effect
- Probability Blaise Pascal, 1657
- ◆ Nuclear Power Plants 1950s
- ◆ OSHA and U.S. EPA 1970s

Purpose

- Strike a Balance
 - Cleanup to Zero Contamination is Not Always Possible or Practical
- Use Risk Assessment Tools
- Provide Flexible Approaches
- Develop Creative Solutions
- Reduce Processing Time
- Create Consistent Decision Making

Overview

- Default and Nondefault Approaches
- Default
 - Pre-approved methods
 - -Simplified Review
 - -Best For Some Sites
- Nondefault
 - -Any Approach Can Be Proposed
 - IDEM Evaluates the Approach
 - Negotiated Agreement

Nondefault Risk Assessment

- Not All Sites Meet Default Criteria
- Some Sites Started Under Old Criteria
- Some Consultants Prefer Nondefault Approaches
- Some Sites Can Not Be Cleaned Up In a Reasonable Amount of Time at a Reasonable Cost

Nondefault Risk Assessment

- Alternative Sampling Plans
- Ground Water Modeling
- Plume Stability Monitoring
- Alternative Closure Levels
- Institutional Controls
 - -Ground Water Ordinance
 - Activity Restrictions
 - Engineered Controls

Cost

- Risk Based Closures Save Money
- Cost Structure
 - Up Front Sampling Cost
 - Risk Assessment Cost
 - Remedial Cost
- Remedial Cost Is Where There Can Be Substantial Savings
- Up Front Costs May Be Higher or Lower
- Historical Methods Required No Risk Assessment

Guidance

- RISC Technical Guide
 - Describes the Science
 - Establishes Default Procedures
 - Discusses Nondefault Approaches
- ◆ RISC User's Guide
 - Program Specific Information
 - Program Process
 - Unique Programmatic Items